

(English)

Senior 1

Unit One

Egypt's Heritage

Lesson 1 , 2

(Explanation)



Grammar (The past simple tense)



الاثبات

Active

Subject + التصريف الثاني للفعل

Active

Subject + was were + حرف جر اسم صفة

Passive

Object + was were + P.P

- ✂ I watched the match yesterday. ✂ The match **was watched** yesterday by me.
✂ She **was** late yesterday. ✂ They **were** at the club two hours ago.

: التصريف الثاني للفعل هو الفعل مضاف له d أو ed أو ied أو قد يكون فعل غير منتظم تحفظ تصريفاته.

لا حظ

النفي

Active

Subject + didn't + inf

Active

Subject + wasn't weren't + حرف جر اسم صفة

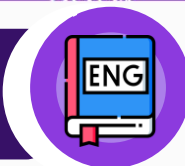
Passive

Object + wasn't weren't + P.P

- ✂ I **didn't watch** the match yesterday. ✂ The match **wasn't watched** yesterday by me.
✂ She **wasn't** late yesterday. ✂ They **weren't** at school yesterday.



Grammar (The past simple tense)



يمكن استخدام **never** في النفي في زمن الماضي البسيط ويأتي بعدها التصريف الثاني للفعل.

لا حظ

✍ When I was in primary school, I **never went** to school late.

السؤال

Active

Did + Subject + inf ?

Active

Was
Were + Subject + حرف جر
اسم
صفة ?

Passive

Was
Were + Object + P.P ?

لاحظ: لتكوين السؤال بكلمة استفهام نضع كلمة الاستفهام قبل نفس التكوين السابق.

✍ Did you **play** football yesterday?

✍ Where **did** you **go** last night, Mostafa?

✍ **Were** you happy when you passed the exam?

✍ Where **was** the match **played**?

المحتوى

Grammar (The past simple tense)



1 حدث بدأ وانتهى في الماضي، ويدل على ذلك كلمات مثل :

yesterday	أمس	once/ once upon a time	ذات مرة
last (night-week- month-year)	السابق / الماضي	at the age of	في سن
ago	منذ	just now	توأم
in + سنة ماضي	في عام.....	the other day	مؤخراً
in the past	في الماضي	when I was	عندما كنت
in ancient times	في العصور القديمة	How long ago	منذ متى
for + مدة انتهت	لمدة	previously	سابقاً
in those days	في تلك الأيام	formerly	سابقاً



Grammar (The past simple tense)



- ✍ I sent an e-mail to my friend yesterday.
- ✍ This house was built three years ago.
- ✍ Ali wrote his first novel last year.
- ✍ My brother graduated in 2021.
- ✍ The ancient Egyptians built a lot of monuments in the past.
- ✍ My uncle worked as a taxi driver for 7 years. Now, he works as a mechanic.
- ✍ Once, we had dinner at this restaurant.
- ✍ I started school at the age of 6.
- ✍ I met my old friend just now.
- ✍ I visited my grandparents the other day.
- ✍ I went to Paris when I was young.
- ✍ How long ago did you start studying English?
- ✍ No one knew in those days what caused the disease.

2 يستخدم مع ظروف التكرار للتعبير عن عادات أو مواقف متكررة في الماضي:

usually / always / sometimes / often / never / every

- ✍ He played football every day last week.
- ✍ He always got up late last year.



Grammar (The past simple tense)



3 سرد أحداث في الماضي مع كلمات مثل (First, - then - next , - at last, - finally,) :

✍ He did his homework then slept. ✍ Once, I found a wallet, then I went to the police.

4 مع حالة if الثانية : ← Subject + would/ could/ might + inf. , ماضي بسيط If +

✍ If she studied hard, she would succeed.

5 بعد since عندما تأتي بمعنى "منذ" :

✍ I haven't eaten anything since I left home this morning.

6 يمكن استخدام did في الجملة المثبتة وبعدها المصدر بشكل بلاغي للتأكيد على المعنى المقصود:

✍ Mariam did want to go to the party, but she had to look after her baby sister.

= Mariam wanted to go to the party, but she had to look after her baby sister.

المُحتَوَا



Grammar (The past simple tense)



1- بالنسبة للفعل (be) في الماضي البسيط، تستخدم (was/ were) ولا تستخدم (did) في السؤال والنفي:

- ✗ She was late yesterday. (اثبات)
- ✗ She didn't be late yesterday. (X) ✗ She wasn't late yesterday. (✓)
- ✗ Where did she be yesterday? (X) ✗ Where was she yesterday? (✓)

2- بالنسبة للفعل (had) في الماضي البسيط، تستخدم معها (did/ didn't) في السؤال والنفي:

- ✗ I had meat for lunch. (اثبات)
- ✗ I hadn't meat for lunch. (X) ✗ I didn't have meat for lunch. (✓)
- ✗ Had you meat for lunch (X) ✗ Did you have meat for lunch? (✓)

لا حظ

المحتوى



Grammar (The past simple tense)



wish
if only
it's time
would rather
suppose

+ Subject +

ماضي بسيط

ماضي تام
(had + p.p)

عند وجود كلمة تدل على
الماضي

- ✍ I wish Menna **studied** well.
- ✍ It's time she **studied** English.
- ✍ I'd rather Omar **watched** a film.
- ✍ Suppose you **had** a fortune, what'd you do?
- ✍ I wish Menna **had studied** well **last year**.
- ✍ I'd rather Omar **had watched** a film **yesterday**.



Grammar (The past simple tense)



لاحظ عند عدم وجود فاعل

wish + to + inf.

✎ I wish to buy a car.

It's time + to + inf.

✎ It's time to study English.

would rather + inf.

✎ I'd rather watch a film.

جملة الماضي البسيط بعد wish تعبر عن تمنى في المضارع

✎ I wish I were a doctor. I don't earn enough money as an engineer.

جملة الماضي التام بعد wish تعبر عن لوم أو ندم

✎ I feel very sick. I wish I hadn't eaten all that chocolate yesterday.



المحتوى



Grammar (The past simple tense)



used to

في الإثبات : تعبر عن شيء كان معتاد في الماضي ولم يعد يحدث الآن.

الاثبات

Active

Subject + used to + inf.

Passive

Object + used to be + p.p

✍ When I was young. I **used to spend** the weekend with my friends.

المحتوى



Grammar (The past simple tense)



في النفي : تعبر عن شيء لم يكن معتاد في الماضي ولكنه يحدث الآن.

النفي

Subject + didn't + use to + inf. = Subject + never + used to + inf.
= Subject + used not to + inf.

- ✍ When I was young. I **didn't use to spend** the weekend with my friends.
- = When I was young. I **never used to spend** the weekend with my friends.
- = When I was young. I **used not to spend** the weekend with my friends.

المحتوى



Grammar (The past simple tense)



السؤال

Did + Subject + use to + inf. ?

لاحظ: لتكوين السؤال بكلمة استفهام نضع كلمة الاستفهام قبل نفس التكوين السابق.

- ✍ Where did you use to spend the weekend?
- ✍ Did you use to read novels when you were young?

المحتوى



Grammar (The past simple tense)



لاحظ

used to + inf.

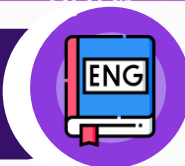
=

- **don't / doesn't + inf. + anymore / any longer**
- **no longer** + مضارع بسيط
- **It was (صفة ملكية / شخص's) + habit to + inf.**
- **Subject + was/ were + in the habit of + V+ing**
- **(شخص's / صفة ملكية) + habit was to + inf.**

- ✍ He **used to** spend the weekend with his friends.
- = He **doesn't** spend the weekend with his friends **anymore/ any longer**.
- = He **no longer** spends the weekend with his friends.
- = It was his **habit to** spend the weekend with his friends.
- = He **was in the habit of** spending the weekend with his friends.
- = His **habit was to** spend the weekend with his friends.



Grammar (The past simple tense)



بعد but now نستخدم am/is/are لو فعل الجملة be ونستخدم do/does لو فعل الجملة أي فعل غير be

لا حظ

used to + be , **but now + subject + am/ is / are**

used to + أي فعل غير be , **but now + subject + do/ does**

الاثبات والنفي
يكون عكس used to

- ✍ She used to **get** up early, but now she **doesn't**.
- ✍ She used to **be** active, but now she **isn't**.
- ✍ She didn't use to **get** up late, but now she **does**.
- ✍ She didn't use to **be** lazy, but now she **is**.



Grammar (The past simple tense)



am/ is/ are/ was/ were/ get/ become/ grow **لا حظ استخدام** V+ing/ noun **بعد** used to **لو قبلها**

am - is - are - was - were

Subject + get(s) - become(s) - grow(s) + used to + V+ing / noun

got - became - grew

am/ is/ are/ get(s)/ become(s)/ grow(s) + used to → **عادة في المضارع**

was/ were/ got/ became/ grew + used to → **عادة في الماضي**

✂ Hassan **is** used to **getting** up late.

✂ Hassan **was** used to **getting** up late.

✂ Ali **got** used to the hot weather of Aswan.

✂ I **became** used to **living** in the desert.

is/ are + used + شيء **to + inf.**
for + V+ing

قد تأتي بمعنى يُستخدم في

✂ Cotton is used **to make** clothes.

✂ Cotton is used **for making** clothes.

Question 1



Once, we.....lunch in this restaurant.

a) having

b) have

c) has

d) had

المُستَوَّل

Question 2



We would rather our best player.....this match owing to his injury.

a) didn't play

b) not play

c) played

d) play

المُستَوَّل

Question 3



Unlike now, I black coffee.

a) wasn't used to

b) used to

c) didn't use to

d) use

المُستَوَد

Question 4



A thiefme of my wallet last night.

- a) stole**
- b) stealing**
- c) robbed**
- d) robbing**

المُستَوَد

Question 5



My father travelled to London 2005.

a) while

b) when

c) in

d) since

المُستَوَّل

Question 6



Hadiup early when he was young; he was always lazy.

- a) hasn't used to get**
- b) didn't use to get**
- c) isn't used to getting**
- d) used to get**

Question 7



I would rather hemy camera.

a) not break

b) didn't break

c) hadn't broken

d) haven't broken

Question 8



How long ago.....working for this company?

a) have you started

b) did you start

c) had you started

d) were you starting

Question 9



**I didn't eat my breakfast because I
.....hungry.**

a) weren't

b) didn't

c) hadn't

d) wasn't

المُستَوَّل

Question 10



The sun.....every day that summer.

a) shine

b) shines

c) shone

d) was shining

المُستَوَد

Question 11



Where did you.....this book?

a) buy

b) bought

c) buying

d) to buy

المُستَوَد

Question 12



He.....play football, but now he's too old now.

a) used to

b) uses to

c) use to

d) is used to

المُستَوَد

Question 13



When I was seven, Ia poem which won a prize.

a) write

b) writes

c) wrote

d) have written

المُستَوَد

Question 14



In 2021, my parents.....in a small flat in Giza.

a) had lived

b) live

c) have lived

d) lived

المُستَوَّل

Question 15



Hany.....at school yesterday.

a) isn't

b) wasn't

c) didn't be

d) weren't

المُستَوَد

Question 16



.....have breakfast at home yesterday?

a) Were you

b) Did you

c) Do you

d) Are you

المُستَوَّل

Question 17



I.....into a good family from the south of Egypt.

a) bear

b) bore

c) born

d) was born

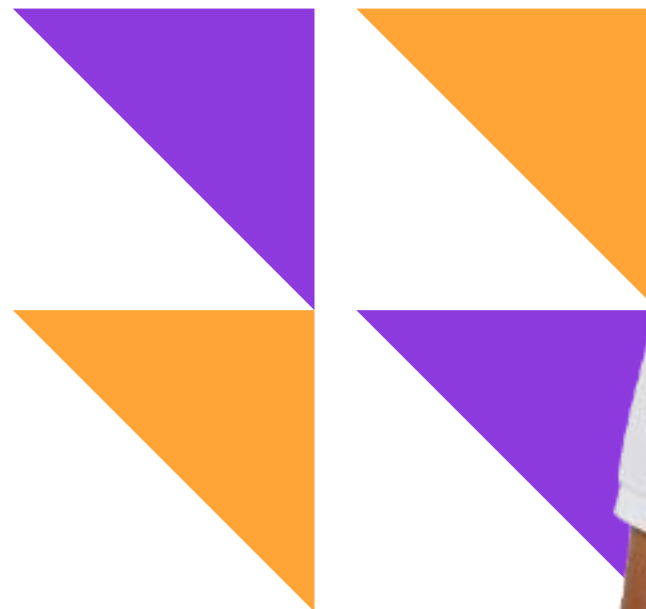
المُستَوَد

ذاكر كل المواد على

المُحتَوِكا 
منصة المحتوى التعليمية



سواء بتذاكر لوحده أو بتراجع قبل الامتحان ...
هتلاقى كل اللي محتاجه عندنا، في مكان واحد



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